

CHARGING SCHOOL MEALS

The Board of Education recognizes that on occasion, students may forget to bring meal money to school. To ensure that students do not go hungry, the Board will allow students who may forget meal money to “charge” the cost of meals to be paid back at a later date subject to the terms in this policy.

To comply with State guidelines and maintain a system for accounting for charged meals, regarding both full and reduced-price meals, the Board shall:

1. allow only regular reimbursable meals to be charged, excluding extras, a la carte items, side dishes, additional meals, and snacks (“Competitive foods”); and
2. use a computer-generated point of sale system, which identifies and records all meals as well as collects repayments.

Charged meals must be counted and claimed for reimbursement on the day that the student charged (received) the meal, not the day the charge is paid back. When charges are paid, these monies are not to be considered “a la carte” transactions, as a section on the daily cash report or deposit summary reads “charges paid.”

Students shall not be denied a reimbursable meal, even if they have accrued a negative balance from other cafeteria purchases, unless the parent/guardian has provided written permission to the school to withhold a meal. No student with unpaid charges will be prohibited from purchasing food if they have money that day.

If school food authorities (SFAs) suspect that a student may be abusing this policy, written notice will be provided to the parent/guardian.

Students who cannot pay for a meal or who have unpaid meal debt shall not be publicly identified or stigmatized (including wristbands or hand stamps), required to do chores or work to pay for meals, or have meals thrown away after they have been served. District staff shall not discuss a student’s unpaid meal debt in front of other students. The district shall not take any action directed at a student to collect unpaid school meal fees. However, the district may discretely notify students of their account balances, and why certain items (e.g., a la carte, etc.) could not be provided with charged meals.

Student Account Balance Notification

The District’s payment system allows for automatic replenishment when a balance reaches a certain amount set by the parent/guardian. The District shall encourage parents/guardians to utilize this option.

Parents/guardians shall be discretely notified of student account balances regularly. When a student’s account balance falls to \$5.00, and whenever a meal is charged, the district will discretely notify the parent/guardian of the balance, and the process to refill the account. This notification will continue regularly until the account is replenished. Parents/guardians must

repay all unpaid charges remaining at the end of the year or before their child leaves the district, whichever occurs first.

The District shall discretely notify parents/guardians of students with negative balances of at least five meals, determine if the student is directly certified to be eligible for free meals, and attempt to reach the parent/guardian to assist them in the application process for free and/or reduced price meals, and determine if there are other issues within the household causing the insufficient funds and offer appropriate assistance. If a parent/guardian regularly fails to provide meal money and does not qualify for free or reduced price meals, the District may take other actions as appropriate, including notifying the local department of social services if neglect is suspected.

The school district shall notify all parents/guardians in writing on an annual basis at the start of the school year and to families transferring during the year, outlining the requirements of this policy. The policy shall also be published in appropriate school and district publications. All staff involved in implementing and enforcing this policy shall also be notified of these requirements and their responsibilities. The district's enrollment process shall include the application process for free and reduced price meals. If the district becomes aware that a student is so eligible, it shall file an application for the student. Staff responsible for assisting foster, homeless and migrant students shall coordinate with the food services staff to ensure such students receive free school meals.

Unpaid Meal Charges and Debt Collection

Unpaid meal charges are a financial burden to the district and taxpayers and can negatively affect the school program. Unpaid meal charges shall be considered "delinquent" as per the district's accounting practices. The district shall attempt to recover unpaid meal charges before the end of the school year, but may continue efforts into the next school year. The district shall notify parents/guardians of unpaid meal charges at regular intervals, and may engage in collection activities by district staff, which do not involve debt collectors as defined in federal law (15 USC Section 1692a), and may not charge fees or interest. The district shall offer repayment plans, and may take other actions that do not result in harm or shame to the child, until unpaid charges are paid.

Remaining Account Balances

Remaining funds may be carried over to the next school year. When students leave the district or graduate, the district will attempt to contact the parent/guardian to return remaining funds. Parents/guardians may request that funds be transferred to other students (e.g., siblings, unpaid accounts). All transfer request must be in writing.

Staff

Staff members are allowed to purchase food from the district's food services. However, all purchases must be paid for at the point of sale. Staff members are not allowed to charge meals to be repaid later.

Building Principals, working with the head of food services, shall ensure that all district and food service staff with responsibilities under this policy will be trained on the provisions of this policy and the requirements of Education Law Section 908.

Cross-ref: 8520, Free and Reduced Price Meal Services
 Ref: 42 USC Section 1779 (Child Nutrition Act of 1966)
 42 USC Sections 1758(f)(1; 1766(a) (National School Lunch Act)
 2 CFR Section 200.426 (accounting for debt in federal programs)
 7 CFR Sections 210.0; 210.12; 210.19; 220.13; 245.5 (accounting in federal school meal programs)
 Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act (Public Law 111-296) Section 143
 15 USC Section 1692a (debt collector defined)
 Education Law Section 908
 USDA Report to Congress, Review of Local Policies on Meal Charges and Provisions of Alternate Meals, June 2016,
www.fns.usda.gov/sites/default/files/cn/unpaidmealcharges-report.pdf
 Unpaid Meal Charges: Local Meal Charges Policies, USDA FNS Memo SP 46-2016 (07/08/16), www.fns.usda.gov/unpaid-meal-charges-local-meal-charge-policies
 Unpaid Meal Charges: Guidance and Q&A, USDA FNS Memo SP 57-2016 (09/16/16), <https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/cn/SP57-2016os.pdf>
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 Unpaid Meal Charges: Clarification on Collection of Delinquent Meal Payments, USDA FNS Memo SP 47-2016 (07/08/16),
www.fns.usda.gov/sites/default/files/cn/SP47-2016os.pdf
 Overcoming the Unpaid Meal Challenge – Proven Strategies from Our Nation’s Schools, USDA FNS Guidance Document (May 2017), <https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/cn/SP29-2017al.pdf>
 New York State Legislation - Prohibition Against Meal Shaming, NYSED Memo (5/1/18) <http://www.cn.nysed.gov/content/prohibition-against-meal-shaming>
 Meal Charge Plan Template, NYSED (5/1/18)
<http://www.cn.nysed.gov/content/meal0charge-and-prohibition-against-meal-shaming-policy-template>

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